

USER GUIDE

Antimicrobial Resistance and Stewardship Data Tool

Published: May 2026

Introduction

The online interactive [Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance and Stewardship \(AMR-AMS\) Data Tool](#) informs people working in clinical/medical microbiology, infectious diseases, antimicrobial stewardship, infection prevention and control, and public health about antimicrobial resistance (AMR), antimicrobial use (AMU) and antimicrobial stewardship programs (ASPs) in Ontario. This product replaces the Ontario Antimicrobial Stewardship Program & Antimicrobial Resistance Comparison Tool.

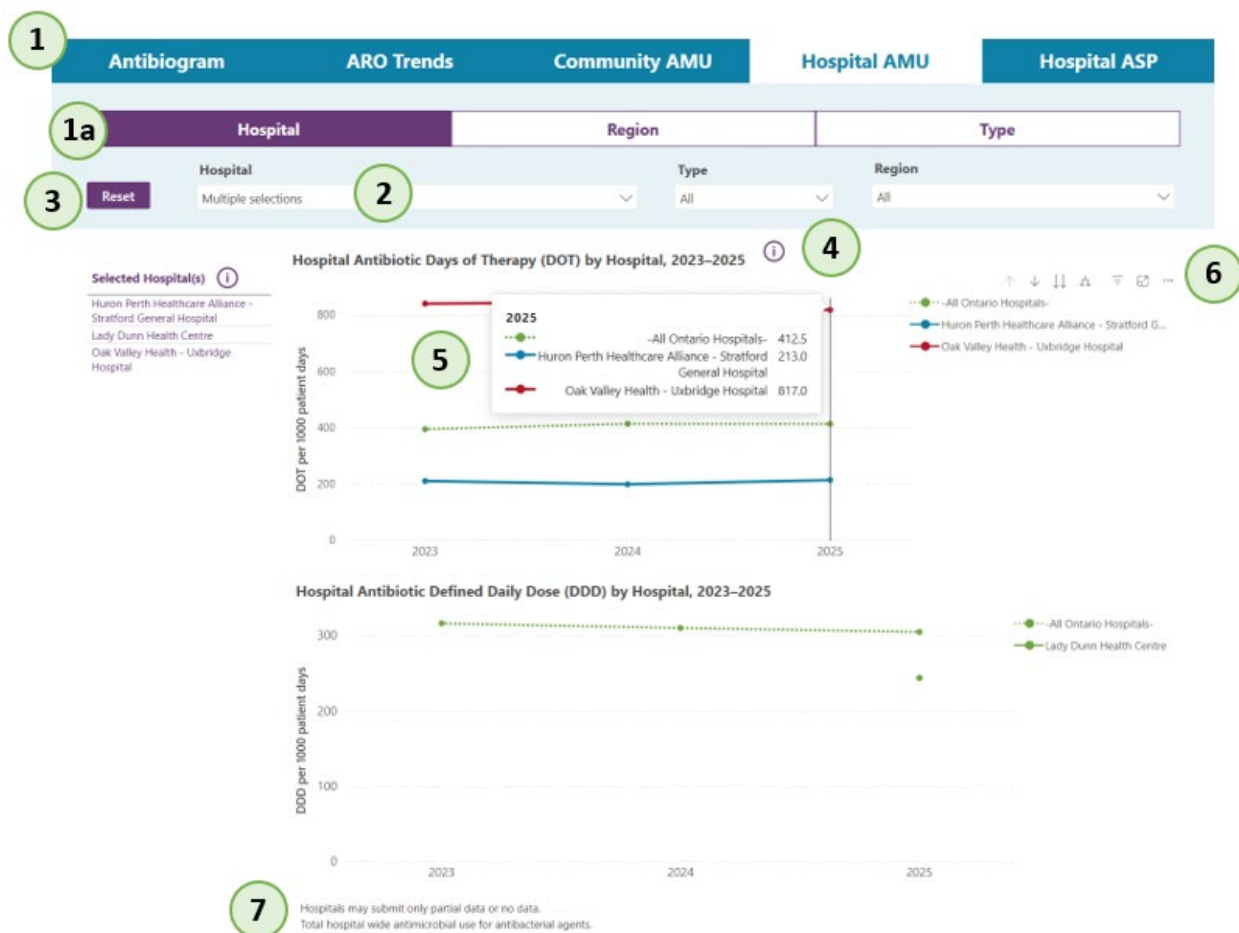
This interactive report has five tabs:

1. **Antibiogram:** AMR in the format of an antibiogram which displays cumulative susceptibility of bacterial isolates to specific antibiotics.
2. **ARO Trends:** More specific information for selected antimicrobial resistant organisms (AROs). Partial data are available for initial launch; information about additional AROs will be added as data become available.
3. **Community AMU:** Antimicrobial use (AMU) from claims data in non-hospital settings.
4. **Hospital AMU:** Antimicrobial use (AMU) in hospitals provided by hospital antimicrobial stewardship programs (ASPs).
5. **Hospital ASP:** Structural and strategic characteristics of ASPs in hospitals.

Using the AMR-AMS Tool

Overview

Across the navigation bar, each of the five tabs use similar features and functions to present data on Antibigram, ARO Trends, Community AMU, Hospital AMU, and Hospital ASP respectively. A screenshot of the Hospital AMU tab is provided below as an example. The numbered areas in the screenshot correspond to detailed explanations.



1. **Navigation buttons:** Top-level navigation buttons allow users to move between the five report tabs. The tab currently being viewed appears in white, while the others remain blue.

1a. Lower-level navigation buttons allow users to move between sections within each tab.

2. **Slicers:** Slicers are provided to break down the data by selecting values from the dropdown or list menus. Depending on the configuration, users may make single or multiple selections.

For a long menu (e.g., a hospital list), users can type into the search box using the type-ahead feature to quickly locate fields.

For menus that allow multi-selection, filtering selections can be cleared by hovering the mouse over a filter and clicking the eraser icon in the upper-right corner.

3. **Reset:** This button is used to clear multiple slicers to their default settings at the same time.
4. **Information Icons (i):** Information icons provide additional instructions if needed. Hovering the mouse over an “i” icon will display the corresponding guidance.
5. **Tooltips:** When hovering over a data point on a chart, a pop-up appears with information related to that data point.
6. **Download data from a graph:** When hovering over a chart, a context menu (denoted by three dots) will appear in the upper right corner. After selecting the menu, users can choose to export the data or show the data as a table. To save an image of the chart, use the Snipping Tool in Microsoft Windows (Windows logo key + Shift + S) or the Screenshot tool on macOS (Command + Shift + 5).
7. **Notes:** Notes beneath the charts provide important considerations for data interpretation.

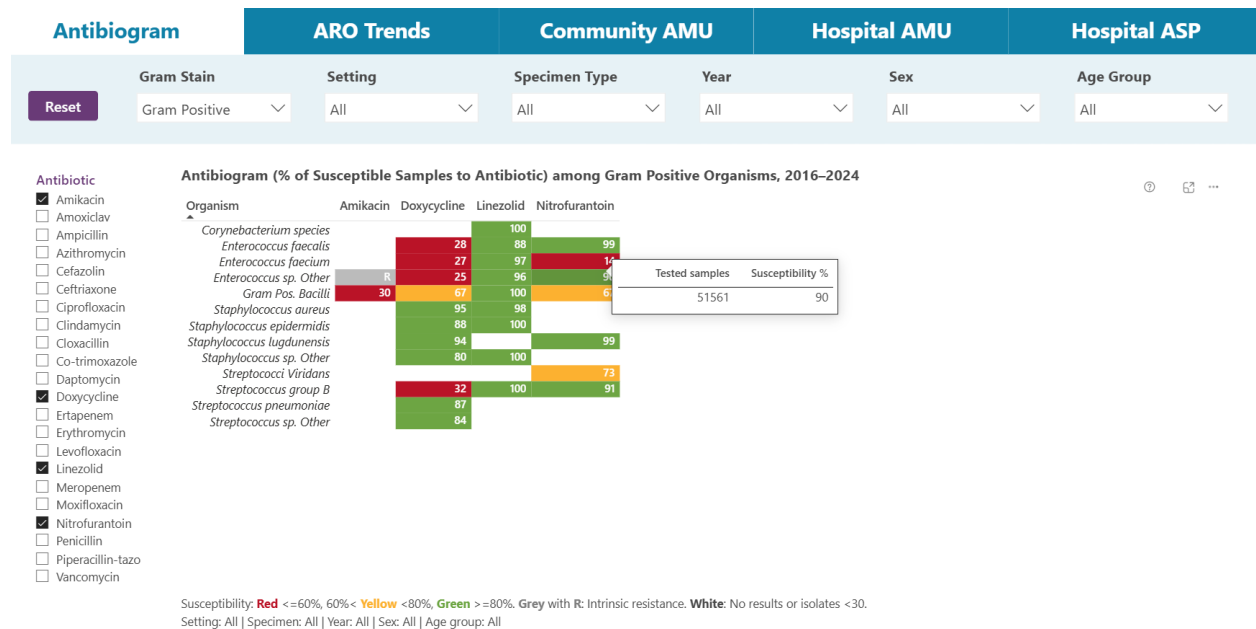
Antibiogram

The Antibiogram tab presents a summary of the cumulative susceptibility (percentage of susceptible isolates) of bacterial isolates to specific antibiotics within the selected data range. All slicers except Gram Stain allow multiple selections. Selected values are identified in the titles or detailed in footnotes.

The tooltip that appears when hovering over a data point displays the number of tested bacterial isolates and the susceptibility for a specific organism–antibiotic combination. Susceptibility is calculated only when there are at least 30 isolates of that organism–antibiotic combination.

Susceptibility values are colour coded as described in the footnote:

- **Red:** ≤ 60%
- **Yellow:** > 60% to < 80%
- **Green:** ≥ 80%
- **White:** Not available (no results or fewer than 30 isolates)
- **Grey with “R”:** Intrinsic resistance

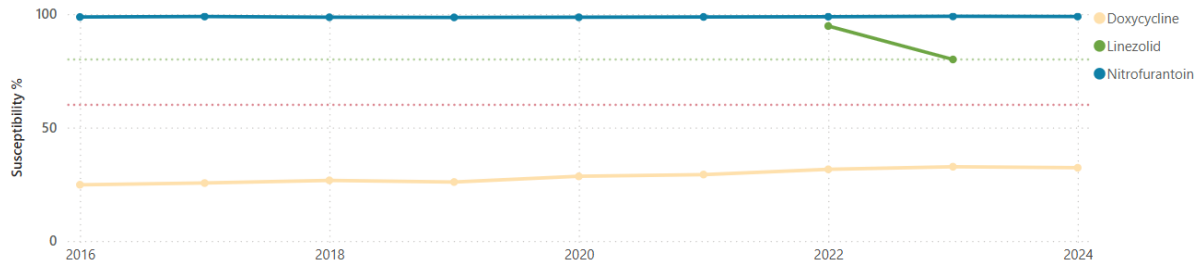


One or more antibiotics can be selected from the list to the left of the antibiogram.

Users can click and select one organism from the column of organisms on the antibiogram chart. The selected organism is highlighted in light grey and the susceptibility to each antibiotic over time is displayed in the trend chart below. Some data points may be missing due to fewer than 30 isolates. The selected organism is identified in the title of the trend chart. All slicers, with the exception of year, are applied to the trend chart. Selected values in slicers can be found in the titles and footnotes.



Susceptibility of *Enterococcus faecalis* to Antibiotics Over Years, 2016-2024

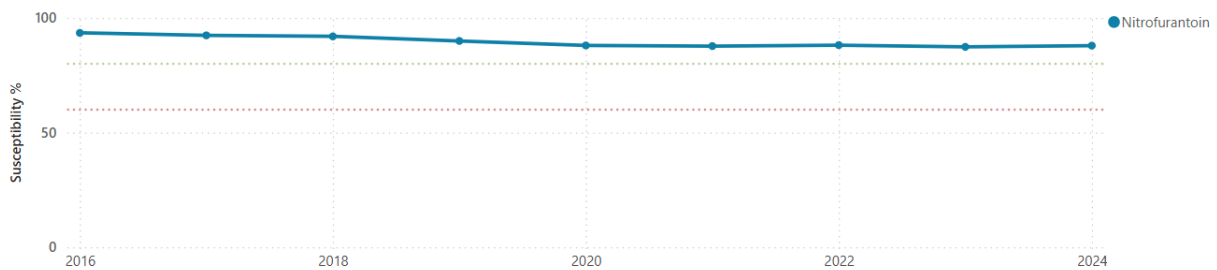


Susceptibility is displayed if having >=30 isolates.
Setting: All | Specimen: All | Sex: All | Age group: All

Users can click on a data point on the antibiogram chart and view the susceptibility trend for a single organism-antibiotic combination. In this situation, both the organism and the antibiotic are listed in the title.



Susceptibility of *Enterococcus* sp. Other to Nitrofurantoin Over Years, 2016-2024



Susceptibility is displayed if having >=30 isolates.
Setting: All | Specimen: All | Sex: All | Age group: All

Only one organism should be selected at a time. If multiple organisms are selected, the title will display the message **“Please Select ONLY ONE Organism.”**

ARO Trends

The ARO Trends tab presents the epidemiology of selected antimicrobial-resistant organisms in Ontario. At the initial launch, data about Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacterales (CREs) are included. Additional organisms will be incorporated as data become available. There are two sections under this tab.

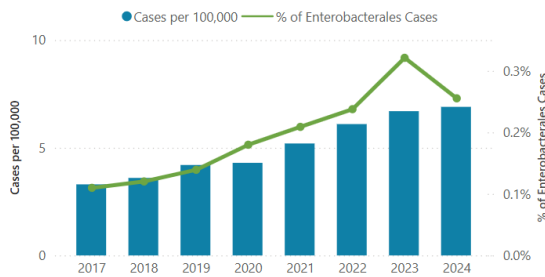
Epidemiology

This section contains analyses related to temporal trends, and characteristics of isolates being tested and individuals with AROs.

Antibiogram **ARO Trends** Community AMU Hospital AMU Hospital ASP

Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacterales (CREs) **Epidemiology** Map by Public Health Unit

CREs per 100,000 Population and Percentage (%) of All Enterobacterales, Ontario, 2017–2024



CREs as Percentage (%) of Enterobacterales, 2017–2024

By Patient Characteristics

- Age
- Sex

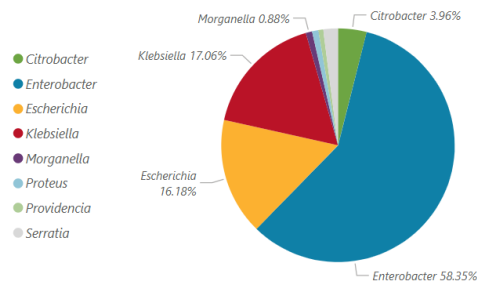
Category	%
0–17	0.07%
18–64	0.13%
65+	0.26%

By Specimen Characteristics

- Setting
- Specimen site
- Sterile Specimen Source

Category	%
Blood	0.45%
Respiratory	2.00%
Urine	0.13%
Other	0.83%

Percentage (%) of CREs by Organisms Genus, 2017–2024



CREs as Percentage (%) of Enterobacterales by ON-Marg Index, 2017–2024

- Age and Labour Force Quintile
- Households and Dwellings Quintile
- Material Resources Quintile
- Racialized and Newcomer Populations

Category	%
1	0.14%
2	0.17%
3	0.18%
4	0.20%
5	0.24%
Not reported	0.15%

1=low marginalization
5=high marginalization
[Ontario Marginalization Index \(ON-Marg\)](#)

Map by Public Health Unit

This section displays information on geographic variation across Ontario’s 29 public health units (PHUs) for two measures: the rate and the percentage of Enterobacterales that are resistant to carbapenems.

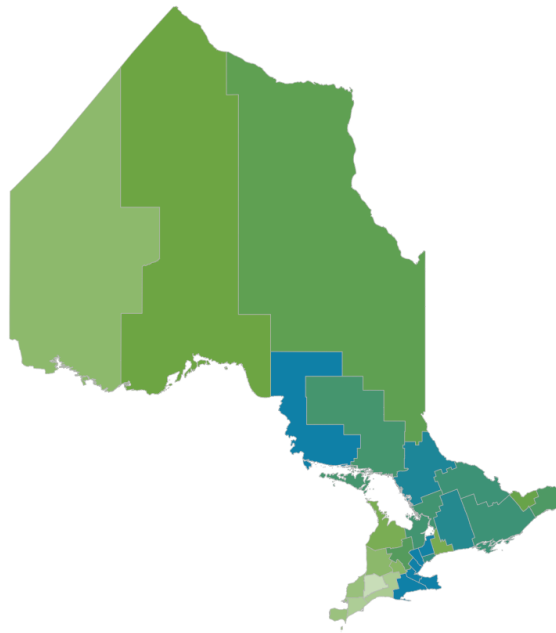
Antibiogram
ARO Trends
Community AMU
Hospital AMU
Hospital ASP

Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacterales (CREs)
Epidemiology
Map by Public Health Unit

Rate
Percentage

Public Health Unit	Cases/100,000
Niagara Region Public Health	10.12
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	9.51
Peel Public Health	8.40
Algoma Public Health	7.37
Grand Erie Public Health	6.93
Halton Region Public Health	6.68
York Region Public Health	5.91
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	5.55
Haliburton Kawartha Northumberland Peterborough Health Unit	5.29
Toronto Public Health	4.89
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	4.53
South East Public Health	4.53
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	4.38
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	4.28
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	4.00
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	3.78
Northeastern Public Health	3.44
Ottawa Public Health	3.17
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	2.99
Durham Region Health Department	2.78
Grey Bruce Health Unit	2.74
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	2.44
Huron Perth Public Health	2.36
Northwestern Health Unit	2.35
Lambton Public Health	2.09
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	2.06
Southwestern Public Health	1.74
Chatham-Kent Public Health	1.67
Middlesex-London Health Unit	1.13

CREs Rate per 100,000 Populations by Public Health Unit, 2017–2024



Community Antimicrobial Use (AMU)

The Community AMU tab presents annual data on antimicrobial prescribing in community settings, grouped by demographic and prescribing characteristics. There are four sections under this tab.

Prescriber Type

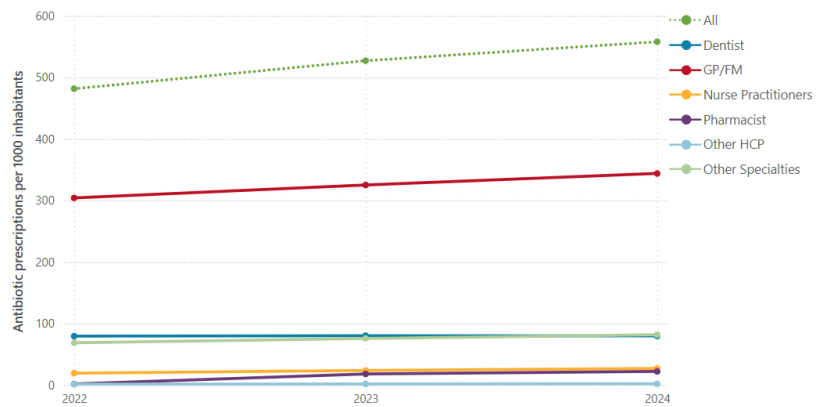
This section compares annual antimicrobial use among different prescriber types, both within each antibiotic class and across all antibiotic classes.

Antibiogram	ARO Trends	Community AMU	Hospital AMU	Hospital ASP												
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Prescriber Type</th> <th>Patient Sex</th> <th>Patient Age Group</th> <th>Antibiotic Class</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Patient Age Group</td> <td>Patient Sex</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>All</td> <td>All</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Prescriber Type	Patient Sex	Patient Age Group	Antibiotic Class			Patient Age Group	Patient Sex			All	All
Prescriber Type	Patient Sex	Patient Age Group	Antibiotic Class													
		Patient Age Group	Patient Sex													
		All	All													

Antibiotic Class

- All
- Cephalosporins, First-Generation
- Cephalosporins, Second- And Third-Generation
- Fluoroquinolones, Second-Generation
- Fluoroquinolones, Third-Generation
- Fosfomycin
- Lincosamides
- Linezolid
- Macrolides
- Metronidazole
- Nitrofurantoin
- Penicillin With B-Lactamase Inhibitors
- Penicillin Without B-Lactamase Inhibitors
- Tetracyclines
- Trimethoprim And/Or Sulfonamides

Community AMU per 1,000 Inhabitants by Prescriber Type, 2022–2024



The statements, findings, conclusions, views, and opinions contained and expressed in this publication are based in part on data obtained under license from IQVIA Solutions Canada Inc. concerning the following information service(s): Geographic Prescription Monitor (GPM). All Rights Reserved. The statements, findings, conclusions, views, and opinions contained and expressed herein are not necessarily those of IQVIA Solutions Canada Inc. or any of its affiliated or subsidiary entities.

Patient Sex

This section compares annual antimicrobial use by patient sex, both within each antibiotic class and across all antibiotic classes.

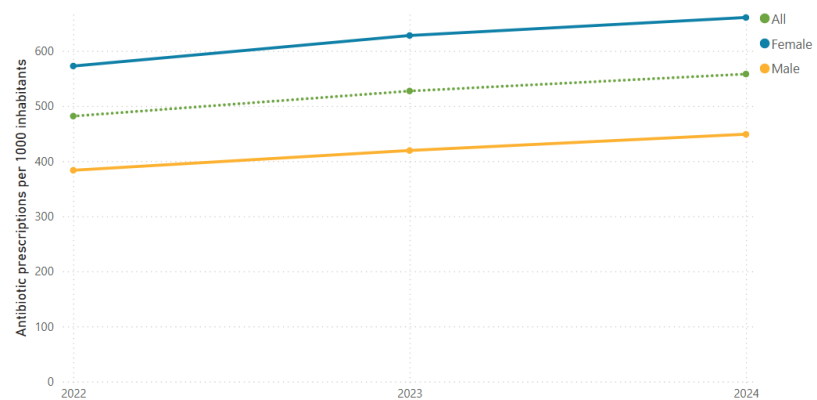
Antibiogram	ARO Trends	Community AMU	Hospital AMU	Hospital ASP								
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Prescriber Type</th> <th>Patient Sex</th> <th>Patient Age Group</th> <th>Antibiotic Class</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Prescriber Type</td> <td>All</td> <td>Patient Age Group</td> <td>All</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Prescriber Type	Patient Sex	Patient Age Group	Antibiotic Class	Prescriber Type	All	Patient Age Group	All
Prescriber Type	Patient Sex	Patient Age Group	Antibiotic Class									
Prescriber Type	All	Patient Age Group	All									

Antibiotic Class

Search

- All
- Cephalosporins, First-Generation
- Cephalosporins, Second- And Third-Generation
- Fluoroquinolones, Second-Generation
- Fluoroquinolones, Third-Generation
- Fosfomycin
- Lincosamides
- Linezolid
- Macrolides
- Metronidazole
- Nitrofurantoin
- Penicillin With B-Lactamase Inhibitors
- Penicillin Without B-Lactamase Inhibitors
- Tetracyclines
- Trimethoprim And/Or Sulfonamides

Community AMU per 1,000 Inhabitants by Sex, 2022–2024



Patient Age Group

This section compares annual antimicrobial use by patient age groups, both within each antibiotic class and across all antibiotic classes.

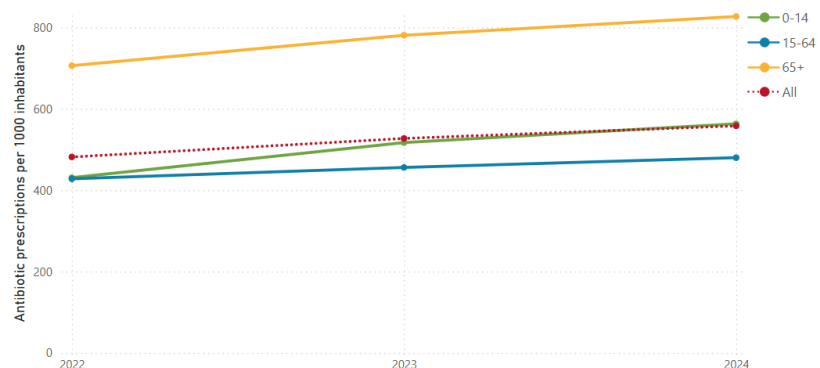
Antibiogram	ARO Trends	Community AMU	Hospital AMU	Hospital ASP								
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Prescriber Type</th> <th>Patient Sex</th> <th>Patient Age Group</th> <th>Antibiotic Class</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Prescriber Type</td> <td>All</td> <td>Patient Sex</td> <td>All</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Prescriber Type	Patient Sex	Patient Age Group	Antibiotic Class	Prescriber Type	All	Patient Sex	All
Prescriber Type	Patient Sex	Patient Age Group	Antibiotic Class									
Prescriber Type	All	Patient Sex	All									

Antibiotic Class

Search

- All
- Cephalosporins, First-Generation
- Cephalosporins, Second- And Third-Generation
- Fluoroquinolones, Second-Generation
- Fluoroquinolones, Third-Generation
- Fosfomycin
- Lincosamides
- Linezolid
- Macrolides
- Metronidazole
- Nitrofurantoin
- Penicillin With B-Lactamase Inhibitors
- Penicillin Without B-Lactamase Inhibitors
- Tetracyclines
- Trimethoprim And/Or Sulfonamides

Community AMU per 1,000 Inhabitants by Age Group, 2022–2024



Antibiotic Class

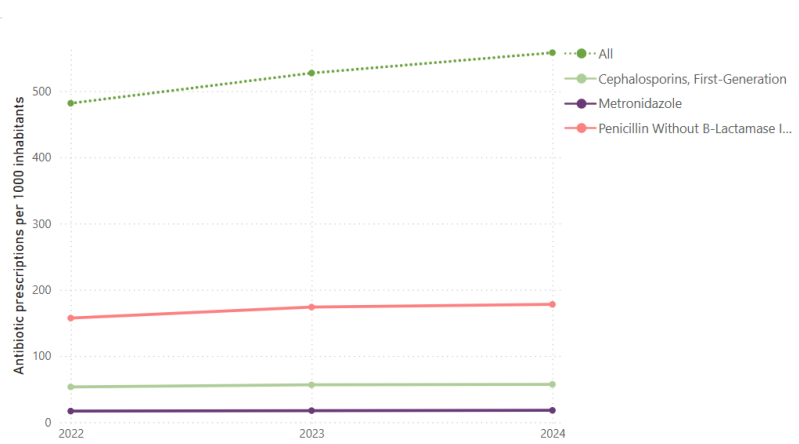
This section compares annual antimicrobial use by antibiotic classes within the same graph.

Antibiogram	ARO Trends	Community AMU	Hospital AMU	Hospital ASP			
Prescriber Type		Patient Sex		Patient Age Group		Antibiotic Class	
Reset		Prescriber Type All	Patient Age All	Patient Sex All			

Antibiotic Class

- Search
- Select all
- All
 - Cephalosporins, First-Generation
 - Cephalosporins, Second- And Third-Generation
 - Fluoroquinolones, Second-Generation
 - Fluoroquinolones, Third-Generation
 - Fosfomycin
 - Lincosamides
 - Linezolid
 - Macrolides
 - Metronidazole
 - Nitrofurantoin
 - Penicillin With B-Lactamase Inhibitors
 - Penicillin Without B-Lactamase Inhibitors
 - Tetracyclines
 - Trimethoprim And/Or Sulfonamides

Community AMU per 1,000 Inhabitants by Antibiotic, 2022–2024



Hospital Antimicrobial Use (AMU)

This tab presents AMU for hospitals that submit data as part of the Ontario ASP Landscape survey, reported by Days of Therapy (DOT) and/or Defined Daily Dose (DDD). There are three sections under this tab.

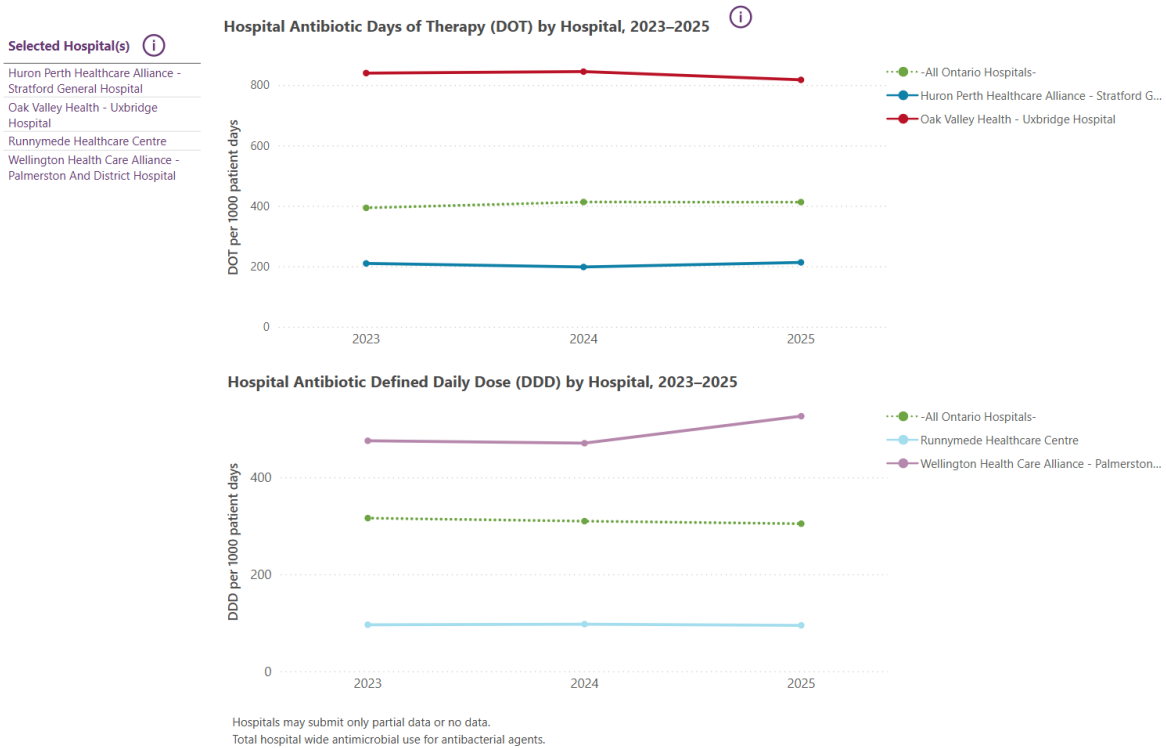
Hospital

In this section visualizes data at the hospital level. Users can select one or multiple hospitals from the hospital slicer. Average use in Ontario, both overall and by hospital type, is available for benchmarking.

Antibiogram ARO Trends Community AMU **Hospital AMU** Hospital ASP

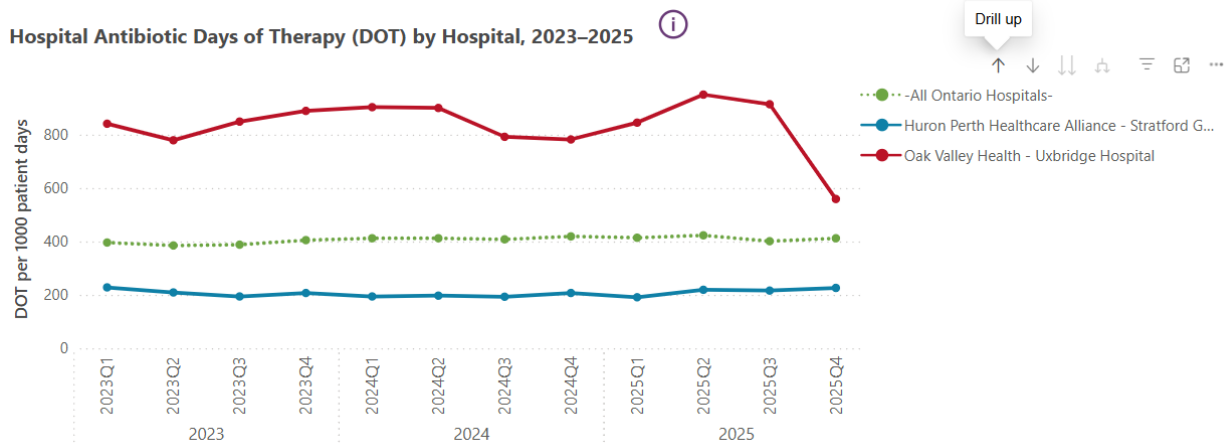
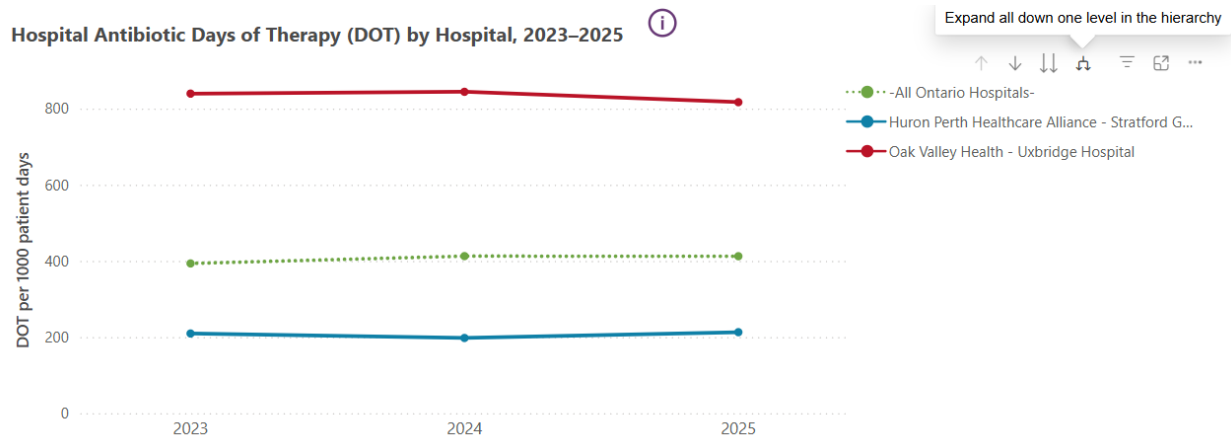
Hospital Region Type

Reset Hospital: Multiple selections Type: All Region: All



Drill Up/Drill Down

When hovering over the chart, several arrows and icons appear in the upper right corner. These controls support data navigation and interaction with the chart. Selecting **“Expand all down one level in the hierarchy”** displays data by year and quarter. Selecting **“Drill up”** returns the view from year and quarter back to year.

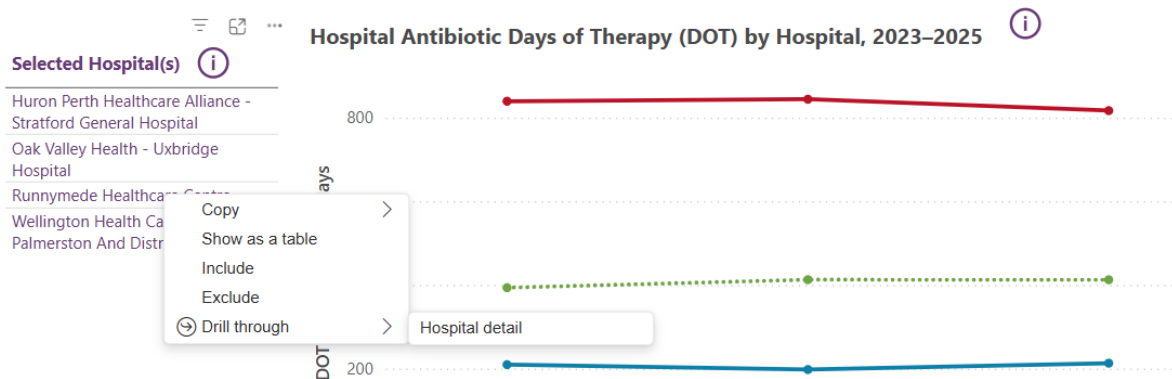


Drill-up and drill-down options also appear when hovering over a data point on the chart; however, using the drill-up and drill-down this way drills only for that data point.

Drill Through

The “Drill through” feature provides detailed information for an individual hospital. On the hospital detail page, information related to antimicrobial use and the antimicrobial stewardship program for that hospital is displayed.

To access this view, right-click a hospital name on the Selected Hospital(s) list, then select “Drill through” and choose “Hospital detail” from the menu.



On the hospital detail page, users may verify the hospital name at the top of the page. A “Back” button is provided below the hospital name to return to the previous page.

Hospital Detail for Runnymede Healthcare Centre

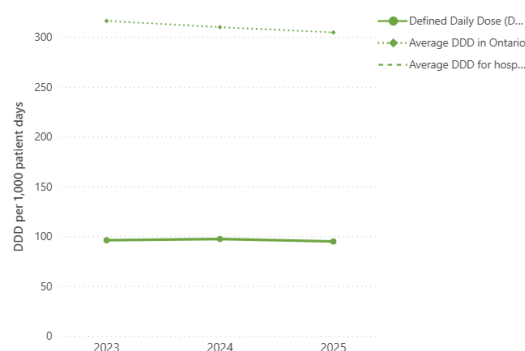
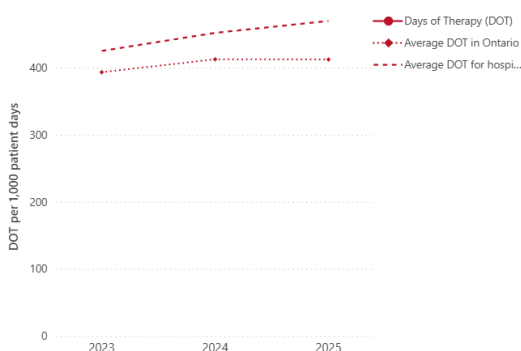
[← Back](#) Hospital Type: Acute Teaching
Region: Toronto
Updated: March 1, 2026

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Advanced Practice Leader and Supervisor, Pharmacist
simon.oh@runnymedehc.ca

Antimicrobial Stewardship Program: Structure and Strategies

Structure Indicator	Detail	Strategy Indicator	Detail
Beds	206	Intravenous to Oral Conversion	Yes
Formal ASP	Yes	Intravenous to Oral Conversion Details	Policy with guidelines and Meditech Interventions to follow up.
Designated Resource/Funding	No	Formulary Restriction	No
Pharmacist FTE	0	Formulary Restriction Details	
Physician FTE	0	Antibiogram	Yes
Nurse FTE	0	Antibiogram Details	
Infection Control FTE	0	Antimicrobial Prescribing Guidelines	Yes
IT FTE	0	Antimicrobial Prescribing Guidelines Details	
Other FTE	0	Antibiotic Allergy Assessment	No
AMU Reporting to Prescribers	Yes	Antibiotic Allergy Assessment Details	
AMU Reporting Details	Hospital wide reports	Integrated Clinical Decision Support	Yes
Inclusion in Strategic/Quality Improvement Plan	No		

Hospital Antimicrobial Use: Days of Therapy (DOT) and Defined Daily Dose (DDD)



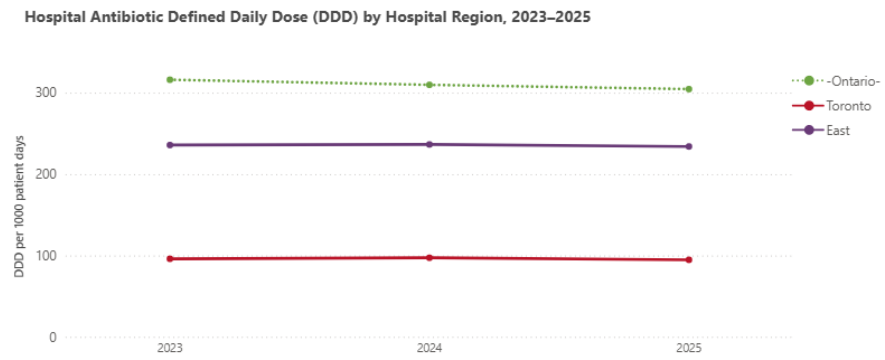
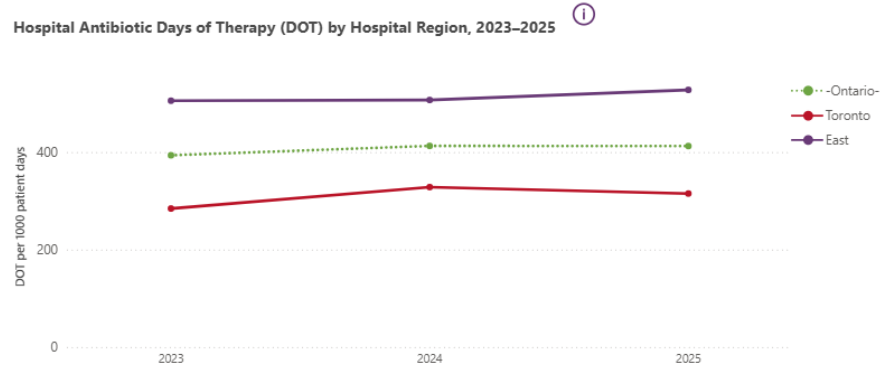
If a hospital did not submit AMU data to PHO, a note will indicate that no data are available.

Region

This section presents a side-by-side comparison of hospital AMU over time across health regions. Average use in Ontario overall is available for benchmarking. Users can choose to view the time trend by year or by year and quarter.

Antibiogram	ARO Trends	Community AMU	Hospital AMU	Hospital ASP
Hospital		Region	Type	

- Region
- Ontario-
 - West
 - Central
 - Toronto
 - East
 - North East
 - North West



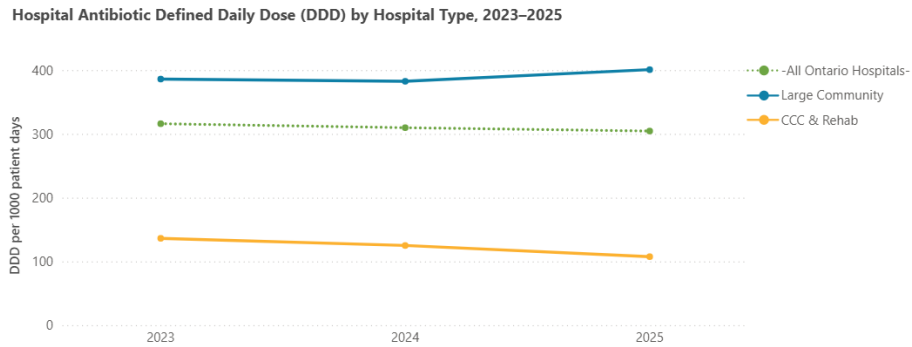
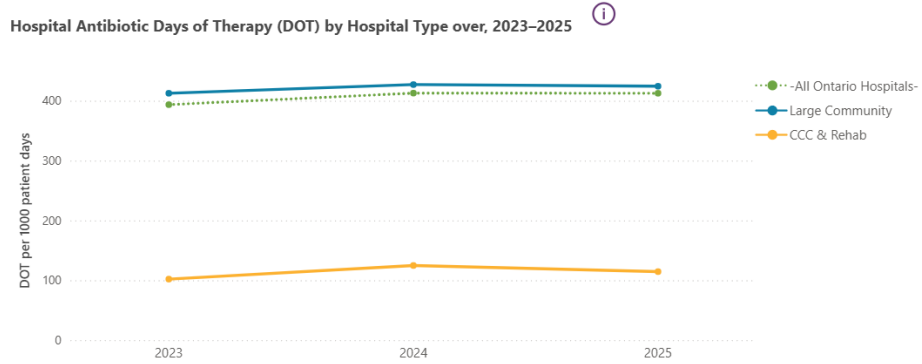
Total hospital wide antimicrobial use for antibacterial agents.

Type

This section presents a side-by-side comparison of hospital AMU over time across hospital types. Average use in Ontario is available for benchmarking. Users can choose to view the time trend by year or by year and quarter.

Antibiogram	ARO Trends	Community AMU	Hospital AMU	Hospital ASP
Hospital		Region		Type

- Type**
- All Ontario Hospitals-
 - Acute Teaching
 - Large Community
 - Small Community
 - CCC & Rehab



Total hospital wide antimicrobial use for antibacterial agents.

Hospital ASP

This tab presents results from the Ontario ASP Landscape Survey. The results are categorized by program structure and strategies. There are two sections under this tab.

Structure

This section lists resourcing, reporting and contact information for participating hospitals. Summaries of key indicators are provided in the footnote.

Antibiogram
ARO Trends
Community AMU
Hospital AMU
Hospital ASP

Structure
Strategies

Hospital

Reset All v

Type

All v

Region

All v

Antimicrobial Stewardship Program (ASP) Structure i

Hospital_name	Region	Type	Beds	Formal ASP	Designated Resource/Funding	Pharmacist FTE	Physician FTE	Nurse FTE	Infection Control FTE	IT FTE	Other FTE
Arnprior Regional Health	East	Small Community	44	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baycrest Hospital	Toronto	Acute Teaching	255	✓	✓	0.5	0.1	0	0	0	0
Bluewater Health	West	Large Community	326	✓	✓	0.5	1	0	0	0	0
Brant Community Healthcare System (BCHS) - Brantford General Hospital	West	Large Community	299	✓	✓	0	0.1 (all sites)	0	0	0	0
Brant Community Healthcare System (BCHS) - The Willet Hospital	West	Large Community	31	✓	✓	0	0.1 (all sites)	0	0	0	0
Brightshores Health System - Lion's Head Hospital	West	Large Community	242 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brightshores Health System - Markdale Hospital	West	Large Community	242 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brightshores Health System - Meaford Hospital	West	Large Community	242 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brightshores Health System - Owen Sound Hospital	West	Large Community	242 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brightshores Health System - Southampton Hospital	West	Large Community	242 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brightshores Health System - Warton Hospital	West	Large Community	242 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brockville General Hospital	East	Large Community	172	✓	✓	0.4	0.2	0	0.2	0.2	0
Chapleau Health Services	North East	Small Community	13	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chatham-Kent Health Alliance-Chatham	West	Large Community	200 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chatham-Kent Health Alliance-Wallaceberg	West	Large Community	200 (all sites)	✓	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0
Children's Hospital Of Eastern Ontario	East	Acute Teaching	140	✓	✓	0.1	0.2	0	0	0.1	0
Cornwall Community Hospital - McConnell Avenue Site	East	Large Community	185	✓	✓	0.6	0	0	0	0	0
Drudon Regional Health Centre	North West	Small Community	40	✗	✗	0	0	0	0	0	0

FTE: Full-time Equivalent per 1000 beds. All sites: All hospital sites within the same hospital corporation.
 Out of 121 hospital(s):
 112 (92.6%) with Formal ASP | 79 (65.3%) with Designated Resource/Funding | 52 (43%) with AMU Reporting to Prescribers | 38 (31.4%) with Inclusion in Strategic/Quality Improvement Plan

Strategies

This section lists interventions implemented by hospitals to optimize antibiotic use, for each participating hospital. Summaries of key indicators are provided in the footnote. Further information about each strategy is available through hyperlinks included in the footnote.

Antibiogram
ARO Trends
Community AMU
Hospital AMU
Hospital ASP

Structure
Strategies

Hospital

Type

Region

Antimicrobial Stewardship Program (ASP) Strategies

Hospital	Region	Type	Intravenous to Oral Conversion	Formulary Restriction	Antibiogram	Antimicrobial Prescribing Guidelines	Antibiotic Allergy Assessment	Integrated Clinical Decision Support	Prospective Audit & Feedback
Amnprior Regional Health	East	Small Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Baycrest Hospital	Toronto	Acute Teaching	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bluewater Health	West	Large Community	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Brant Community Healthcare System (BCHS) - Brantford General Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Brant Community Healthcare System (BCHS) - The Willet Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Brightshores Health System - Lion's Head Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brightshores Health System - Markdale Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brightshores Health System - Meaford Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brightshores Health System - Owen Sound Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brightshores Health System - Southampton Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brightshores Health System - Wiarton Hospital	West	Large Community	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Brockville General Hospital	East	Large Community	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Chapleau Health Services	North East	Small Community	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗

Out of 121 hospital(s):
 115 (95.0%) with [Antibiogram](#) 63 (52.1%) with [Formulary Restriction](#) 85 (70.2%) with [Prospective Audit & Feedback](#)
 58 (47.9%) with [Antibiotic Allergy Assessment](#) 82 (67.8%) with [Intravenous to Oral Conversion](#)
 85 (70.2%) with [Antimicrobial Prescribing Guidelines](#) 63 (52.1%) with [Integrated Clinical Decision Support](#)

Drill Through

The “Drill through” feature is available by right-clicking on a hospital name in the table, then selecting “Drill through” and “Hospital detail” from the menu.

Hospital	Region	Type	Intravenous to Oral Conversion
Amnprior Regional Health	East	Small Community	✗
Baycrest Hospital	Toronto	Acute Teaching	✓
Bluewater Health	West	Large Community	✓
Brant Community Healthcare System (BCHS) - Brantford General Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brant Community Healthcare System (BCHS) - The Willet Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brightshores Health System - Lion's Head Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brightshores Health System - Markdale Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brightshores Health System - Meaford Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brightshores Health System - Owen Sound Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brightshores Health System - Southampton Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brightshores Health System - Wiarton Hospital	West	Large Community	✗
Brockville General Hospital	East	Large Community	✓
Chapleau Health Services	North East	Small Community	✓

Copy	>	all Community	✗
Show as a table		Acute Teaching	✓
Include		Large Community	✓
Exclude		Large Community	✗
Drill through	>	Hospital detail	
Clear selections		Large Community	✗

If a hospital did not participate in the Ontario ASP Landscape survey, a note will indicate that no data are available.

Citation

Ontario Agency for Health Protection and Promotion (Public Health Ontario). User guide: AMR-AMS report. Toronto, ON: King's Printer for Ontario; 2026.

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