Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Physical Distancing

What is physical distancing?
- Physical distancing means keeping our distance from one another and limiting activities outside the home.
- When outside your home, it means staying at least 2 metres (or 6 feet) away from other people whenever possible.

Staying connected from home
- Work from home, if possible.
- Stay in touch with friends and family through phone, instant messaging or video chat.
- Host virtual playdates or take your children on a virtual museum tour.
- Spend time reading, playing board games and watching movies.
- Support neighbours who may feel anxious or isolated at this time by connecting virtually or at a distance.

If you must leave your home
- Travel to the grocery store, pharmacy and bank only when essential and limit the frequency.
- Use delivery services where possible. When picking up food or a prescription, call ahead so it is ready when you arrive. Use tap to pay, if possible.
- Greet neighbours and friends with a smile, wave, bow or nod.
- If you are working, discuss any concerns about physical distancing with your employer or supervisor.
- Travel by car, bike or walk, where possible. If you need to take public transit, try to travel during non-peak hours and take shorter trips.
- Limit the number of people on an elevator.
- Exercise at home or outdoors, but not with a group.
- Go for an on-leash walk with your pet or take your child for a neighbourhood walk, while maintaining distance from other people.
- Always clean hands with alcohol-based hand sanitizer, or soap and water when you return home.
Things to avoid

- Non-essential trips outside your home
- Hugging or shaking hands
- Crowds or gatherings
- Visiting friends
- Sharing food or utensils
- Engaging in group activities or sports
- Visiting popular destinations
- Play dates, parties or sleepovers

Physical distancing and your mental health

Physical distancing disrupts our normal social routines. During times of uncertainty and change, it is normal for people to worry. If you begin to notice signs of depression or hopelessness in yourself or a loved one, please seek help. Get support if you need to talk. For more information see:

- Take Care of Yourself and Each Other
- Resources for Ontarians Experiencing Mental Health and Addictions Issues during the Pandemic

Physical distancing, when combined with proper hand hygiene and cough etiquette, has been shown to limit the spread of COVID-19. If you are self-isolating because you have symptoms of COVID-19 or you may have been exposed to COVID-19, see How to Self-Isolate.

Learn about the virus

COVID-19 is a new virus. It spreads by respiratory droplets of an infected person to others with whom they have close contact such as people who live in the same household or provide care. You can also access up to date information on COVID-19 on the Ontario Ministry of Health’s website: ontario.ca/coronavirus.

The information in this document is current as of April 2, 2020

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